

The Strategy of Constructing of University identity System in Public Universities in Shenyang City , Chaina

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Abstract

The objectives of this research were: 1) To study the factors that affect the identity images of Shenyang Universities. 2) To study the identity image strategies of Shenyang Universities. This research was a mixed method research, including quantitative research and qualitative research. This paper made a quantitative study on the components of the identity system construction of 19 public universities in Shenyang. The researchers randomly selected from 19 public universities in Shenyang. The main respondents were managers and teachers with work experience in 19 public universities in Shenyang, as well as junior college students, undergraduate students, master's degree and doctoral students studying in 19 universities, a total of 700 samples. The tools used for data collection were semi-structured interview tables and questionnaire stars. Exploratory factor analysis (EFA) was used to reduce irrelevant variables. Using the purposive sampling method, 15 key information providers from three public universities in Shenyang (Northeast University, Liaoning University, Lu Xun Academy of Fine Arts), The tool used for data collection was a semi-structured interview form. The statistical data used for data analysis were frequency, percentage, mean value and standard deviation, and exploratory factor analysis and content analysis are used. The research findings revealed that; (1) The components that affected the identity of Shenyang Public Universities: UVIS, UBIS and UMIS; and (2) The managerial guidelines on Shenyang Public University Identity System Development Strategy: The evaluation system of University visual identity system included four items: external image, internal image, personality image and artistic image. The evaluation system of university concept identification system included four items: educational philosophy, educational concept, cultural perception and school running characteristics. The evaluation system of behavior recognition system in Colleges and universities included seven items: teacher quality and organizational system, cultural activities, teaching philosophy, scientific research development, study style service system, and example system.

Keywords: University Identity System、 Shenyang City

Introduction

Today, the competition among colleges and universities has risen to a brand competition, and then developed into a cultural competition. In the era of competition, universities must be able to express themselves clearly and pay attention to maintaining good communication with the market and society. If any university loses its unique personality, does not form its own distinctive characteristics, and does not establish a good social image, it will eventually be eliminated by the society. In the special period of the transformation of higher education, the personalized and systematic strategy of university identity recognition system has increasingly become an important choice for universities to expand their influence, improve their popularity and enhance their comprehensive strength. At the same time, the transformation period of higher education and the challenges of competition also require the university itself to gradually put out the wind of blindness, comparison and catching up with the trend, settle down to look at itself, pay attention to the future of the university, carry out long-term, overall and all-round dynamic planning for the university, and improve the competitiveness of the university at a higher level. In this case, the USI (University Identity Identification System) shows its importance. Therefore, this paper discusses the identity recognition system of Shenyang Public University. It is of great significance to improve the identity of Shenyang public universities.

Research objective

The development of this research provides the possibility for the scientific community to answer these two questions:

1. What are the factors that affect the identity images of Shenyang Universities?
2. What are the identity image strategies of Shenyang Universities?

Research methods

The research methods, sampling methods, data collection tools, and data analysis techniques are described below.

In this study, exploratory factor analysis is used to find out the essential structure of multivariate observation variables, and to process dimensionality reduction techniques, to synthesize variables with intricate relationships into a few core factors. For principal factor analysis, there are no outliers, equidistant values, linear values, multivariate normal distribution, and orthogonality.

Research samples

According to the structural characteristics of public colleges and universities in Liaoning Province, the researchers randomly selected from 19 public colleges and universities in Shenyang. The main respondents were the management personnel and teachers with work experience in 19 public colleges and universities in Shenyang, as well as the junior college

students, undergraduate students, master students and doctoral students studying in 19 colleges and universities, totaling 700 samples.

Table 1. Study sample

Project	University name	School situation			Number of samples taken		
		Undergraduate and below	Master's degree, doctor's degree and above	Teaching and administrative staff	Undergraduate and below	Master's degree, doctor's degree and above	Teaching and administrative staff
1	Liaoning University	18000	8280	2599	33	15	5
2	Shenyang University of technology	19019	6311	1393	35	12	3
3	Shenyang Aerospace University	16230	3512	1600	30	6	3
4	Shenyang Ligong University	15321	2530	1703	28	5	3
5	Northeast University	40211	8722	4490	75	16	9
6	Shenyang University of chemical technology	14111	2211	1300	26	4	2
7	Shenyang Jianzhu University	11400	4800	1700	21	9	3
8	Shenyang Agricultural University	13467	5355	1783	25	10	3
9	China Medical University	9407	6766	9103	17	12	17
10	Liaoning University of traditional Chinese medicine	18332	6921	889	34	13	2
11	Shenyang Pharmaceutical University	8592	4151	1156	16	8	2
12	Shenyang Medical College	9965	522	4404	19	1	8
13	Shenyang Normal University	20272	3670	2243	38	7	5
14	Criminal Investigation Police University Of china	6376	1113	765	12	2	1
15	Shenyang Sport University	7000	500	700	13	1	1
16	Shenyang Conservatory of music	7606	486	1073	14	1	2
17	Lu Xun Academy of fine arts	6637	643	518	13	1	1
18	Shenyang University	11000	3224	1120	21	7	2
19	Shenyang Institute of engineering	12000	2311	993	22	4	2
Total		264946	72028	39532	492	134	74

In this study, data were collected through online questionnaires. In this research, 700 questionnaires were collected. For the questionnaires with obvious perfunctory answers, such as those with answer time less than 1 minute and obvious consistency of answer options, 586 questionnaires were valid in the final survey and formal analysis stage, with an effective rate of 83.71%. The sampling method of the questionnaire mainly adopts the snowball random sampling method to collect and analyze the samples of this survey.

Data collection tools

This study has initially formed a scale containing 57 measurement items, in which visual recognition, concept recognition system and behavior recognition system are based on the

research results of relevant scholars, and combined with the needs and conditions of this study. According to the specific situation of this study, it is modified to form the initial comprehensive scale required for this study

In order to ensure the quality of empirical results, this study draws on the research conclusions of Sun Guoqiang (2014) to design a questionnaire. The main contents of the questionnaire are as follows: 1. First of all, it clarifies the background and purpose of the questionnaire; 2. Questionnaire subject: mainly college students. Through college students, we can understand the status quo of school image recognition. This paper uses Likert's five point scale method to measure items. The interviewees need to give 1-5 points according to the questions and their actual situation, including 1 "very unimportant", 2 "unimportant", 3 "average", 4 "important" and 5 "very important"

Data Analysis

1) Factor analysis

The factor analysis method to determine the indicator structure of the indicator system reveals the internal logical relationship between different indicators and indicator levels, which is the supporting framework of the entire indicator system. The purpose of factor analysis is to transform multiple original indicators into a few unrelated comprehensive factors to reproduce the relationship between the original indicators. Its main purpose is to simplify the data [4]. In this study, the factor analysis method will be used to analyze and screen the contents of the 57 indicators initially determined, find out the factors that play a major role in the construction of the college student image recognition system, and determine the indicator structure according to the results of factor analysis. The questionnaire of this study involves 57 factors of university image building. According to Gorsach R. L, the ratio of sample size to variable number should be more than 5:1, which is reasonable [5]. Of course, the larger the sample is, the more accurate the survey results will be, but it is very difficult in the actual operation process. Therefore, under the condition of minimizing the error as far as possible and ensuring the smooth progress of the investigation, select the appropriate sample. The survey finally determined that 700 questionnaires were to be distributed, and the number of questionnaires has reached more than 10 times of the number of variables, so it can be considered that the number of samples is reasonable.

2) Descriptive statistical analysis

Descriptive statistical analysis is the most basic statistical method to express the characteristics of sample data and the relationship between variables. It mainly involves the concentration trend, dispersion degree and distribution form of sample data. In this study, SPSS 26.0 software was used to analyze descriptive statistics (mean, standard deviation, skewness, kurtosis and other indicators) in order to effectively understand the distribution characteristics of sample data: (1) mean: this study uses the arithmetic mean calculation method to represent the value of the mean, which can be used to measure the centralized trend of sample data; (2) Standard deviation, also known as mean square error, is the most commonly used quantitative form to reflect the degree of dispersion of a group of data. It is an important indicator to measure the degree of probability statistical distribution and to indicate the accuracy. The

smaller the value, the smaller the difference between most sample data and the mean value, and the smaller the difference between the data; (3) Skewness: the characteristic number representing the degree of asymmetry of the probability distribution density curve relative to the average value. There are three cases: positive deviation, negative deviation, and equal deviation (the skewness value is 0, that is, the symmetric distribution of the sample data). It is generally believed that the smaller the absolute value of the skewness, the more the sample data obey the normal distribution; (4) Kurtosis: it indicates the difference between the tail of the data distribution and the normal distribution, which can help to preliminarily understand the general characteristics of the data distribution.

Discovery

On the basis of the existing domestic and foreign literature and sample university literature, this study combed and analyzed the measurement methods of key variables such as university identity recognition system in the existing literature, and redesigned the measurement project according to the actual situation of Shenyang Public University. And constitute the first draft of the questionnaire.

On the basis of the first draft of the questionnaire, the wording and content of the questions were further revised to form the second draft of the questionnaire. Combined with the questionnaire, 15 key informants were tested for the consistency of the questionnaire (IOC), and the questionnaire was revised to 48 questions, forming the third draft of the questionnaire.

Table 2. Summary of university image identification indicators

Primary indicator	Secondary index	Secondary weight	Tertiary indicators	Three level weight	Comprehensive weight
Uvis evaluation system	External image	0.301	Places for mass communication and learning	0.067	7.85%
			Reasonable matching of auxiliary color and background	0.06	7.02%
			External publicity and information transmission	0.058	6.84%
			University website	0.058	6.75%
			architectural style	0.048	5.65%
	Inner image	0.275	Cultural and creative products with university characteristics	0.049	5.24%
			University Space Environment	0.064	6.90%
			Historical and cultural atmosphere	0.064	6.90%
			school motto	0.058	6.22%
			Nature of running a school	0.053	5.71%

	Personality image	0.224	University basic color with distinctive personality	0.066	5.72%
			Landscape can reflect the cultural value of the school	0.06	5.26%
			Good recognition of graphics	0.053	4.65%
			University prints are recognizable	0.053	4.63%
	Artistic image	0.200	Beautiful combination design	0.066	5.17%
			Combination of logo, greening and landscape	0.065	5.05%
			Reasonable collocation of graphic symbols	0.057	4.43%
	educational philosophy	0.325	Human centered philosophy of teaching	0.086	11.21%
			The education mode of personal characteristics development as the mainstream	0.08	10.39%
			Dialectical unity of education and time	0.087	11.32%
Uvis evaluation system	Educational philosophy	0.258	The university has a good learning environment	0.084	8.66%
			Universities encourage academic freedom	0.09	9.33%
			Encourage active competition mechanism	0.086	8.89%
	Cultural perception	0.236	High recognition of cultural and artistic activities in Universities	0.077	7.24%
			Universities encourage students' innovation and Entrepreneurship	0.072	6.78%
			University Motto and school spirit can feel cultural identity	0.072	6.77%
	School running characteristics	0.181	Universities have their own characteristic disciplines	0.09	6.56%
			Unique teaching mode	0.089	6.46%
			Outstanding abilities in scientific research, teaching and practice in Universities	0.088	6.39%
	Teacher literacy	0.183	High level of teachers in	0.048	6.16%

UBIS system	evaluation and organizational system		Universities		
			Teachers' code of conduct	0.052	6.75%
			The university scholarship competition system is reasonable	0.05	6.54%
			University and college leaders can set an example	0.04	5.14%
	Cultural Activity	0.156	Regularly carry out team activities in the hospital as a unit	0.045	4.99%
			There are relevant university history exhibitions and celebration activities	0.054	4.99%
	Teaching philosophy	0.14	The teaching philosophy is people-oriented and respects personality development	0.053	5.24%
			Pass on the world outlook and values and guide learning	0.056	5.50%
			Treat every student fairly	0.051	5.10%
	Scientific research development	0.139	Can provide students with an objective scientific research and innovation environment	0.054	5.32%
			Provide scientific research equipment and counseling mechanism	0.052	5.14%
			Encourage and reward participation in scientific research activities	0.059	5.84%
	Study style management system	0.136	Standardized basic knowledge education mode	0.064	6.17%
			Carry out the cultivation of characteristic cultural skills such as art and sports	0.062	6.17%
	Study style service system	0.133	Guide students' innovation and Entrepreneurship	0.037	3.49%
			Provide career planning consulting	0.051	3.49%
	Model system	0.115	Publicize outstanding alumni and establish school identity	0.059	4.77%

		Characteristic class learning style evaluation activities	0.056	4.58%
		Organizing the propaganda activities of outstanding class students' deeds	0.057	4.62%

Results

There were three components of Studying variables of affecting the identity of public universities in Shenyang: Evaluation system of UVIS、 Evaluation system of UBIS、 Evaluation system of UMIS.

Through research, it is found that UMIS is the foundation, UBIS is the dominant and UVIS is the bridge, which are mutually causal and indispensable. UMIS is the core, essence and command of university image planning, but it cannot be directly transformed into the school image. It must display the school image through the behavior recognition system and spread the school image through UVIS; UBIS is a dynamic intermediary communication and integration; UVIS is static embodiment and rendering. Considering all three subsystems, through personalized design and implementation, the construction of a perfect university campus image is conducive to the promotion of the University's spiritual culture, institutional culture and material culture in all aspects, which is the objective requirement of the university to adapt to the times and social development, and also the need of the University's own development.

Developing the managerial guidelines on Shenyang Public University Identity System Development Strategy:

Discussions

UVIS evaluation system includes four items: external image, internal image, personality image and artistic image. The UMIS evaluation system includes four items: educational philosophy, educational philosophy, cultural perception, and school running characteristics. UBIS evaluation system includes seven items: teacher quality and organizational system, cultural activities, teaching philosophy, scientific research development, study style service system, and example system.

The validation results are slightly different from the components of goal 1. The guidelines provide a more comprehensive and practical way to realize the strategic guidance of the development of Shenyang Public University identity system.

UVIS evaluation system: 1. External image, we should strengthen the transmission of University web pages and external publicity information; Build a place for public exchange and learning; The architectural style of the University and the matching of auxiliary colors and backgrounds are reasonable. 2. Internal image, we should pay attention to the construction of University space environment and the development of cultural and creative products with

university characteristics; The visual inheritance of the historical and cultural atmosphere of the University. 3. Personality image should reflect the cultural value of the University in the construction of university landscape; College basic colors have distinct personality and good recognition of graphics; University printed matter is recognizable. 4. Artistic image, the combination design of University vision system is beautiful, and the matching of graphic symbols is reasonable, which is suitable for different space occasions; Logo is combined with greening and landscape.

UMIS evaluation system: 1. Educational philosophy should follow the people-oriented teaching philosophy and fully respect the development of students; Establish a knowledge-based education model with personal characteristic development as the mainstream; Education and time are dialectically unified. The educational concept is to build a good learning environment, encourage academic freedom, and encourage active competition mechanism. 3. Cultural perception, we should strengthen the construction of school motto and school spirit, so that everyone can feel cultural identity; The cultural and artistic activities of the university are highly recognized, and students are encouraged to innovate and start businesses. 4. School running characteristics, with its own characteristic disciplines, will have its own educational methods in professional courses, not the same teaching mode; Outstanding ability in scientific research, teaching and practice.

UBIS evaluation system: 1. Teachers' quality and organizational system, university leaders and college leaders can set an example; The level of teachers in universities is high; Teachers' code of conduct; The scholarship competition system is reasonable. 2. For cultural activities, team activities with the college as the unit and related university history exhibitions and celebration activities should be carried out regularly. 3. Teaching philosophy, which is people-oriented and respects personality development; Pass on positive world outlook and values, and guide learning first; Treat every student fairly. 4. With the development of scientific research, universities can provide students with an objective scientific research and innovation environment, provide scientific research equipment and counseling mechanisms, and encourage and reward participation in scientific research activities. 5. Study style management system, with standardized basic knowledge education methods; Carry out the training of characteristic cultural skills such as art and sports; 6. Study style service system, guide students to innovate and start businesses, and provide career planning consulting. 7. The model system should publicize outstanding alumni and establish school identity; Regularly hold characteristic class style evaluation activities and organize outstanding class students' deeds publicity activities.

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